## Readiness for Healthy Change

#### Slide 1



Participant Handbook

#### **Learning Objectives**



- ① Explore the stages of "Readiness for Change"
- ② Identify why change attempts may get derailed
- ③ Discuss how to initiate change, stay motivated, deal with setbacks, and reward success
- 4 Develop a plan of action
- 5 Extend your support network along the way

Notes:

#### Slide 3

#### **Thinking About Making a Change**

(F) Health Net

- What behaviors do you want to change?
  - Nutrition
- Exercise
- Stress management
- Personal finances
- Interpersonal relationships Other?
- Start small only one or two at a time!
- Be specific!

⊕ Health Net<sup>\*</sup>

### **Are You Ready for Change?**

On a scale of 1 to 10, how <u>confident</u> are you that you can do the things that you need to do to make this change?

On a scale of 1 to 10, how <u>important</u> is it to you to make this change?

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Notes:

#### Slide 5

⊕ Health Net¹

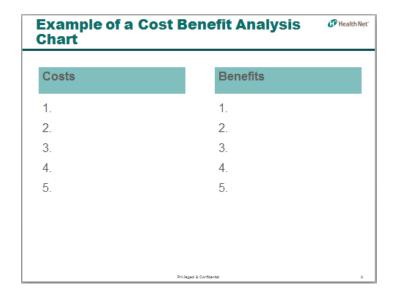
#### **The Cost Benefit Analysis**

Example: Managing Your Weight

- List COSTS associated with <u>not</u> engaging in weight management efforts
- List BENEFITS associated with regular and consistent weight management efforts
- List as many specific COSTS and BENEFITS as you can

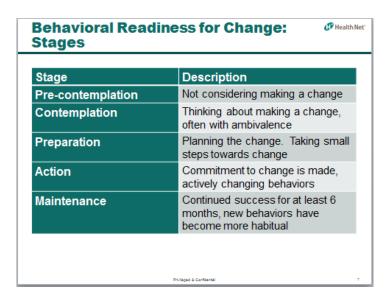
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Slide 6



**See Handout A** for an example chart that you can begin using today. **Notes:** 

Slide 7



# Why Do Change Attempts Get Derailed & Health Net or Even Fail?

- · Situational factors
- Social sabotage
- Self sabotage
  - Emotional factors
  - Negative thinking patterns
  - Unrealistic expectations

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**Notes:** 

#### Slide 9

### **How Do I Successfully Initiate Change?**

#### Emotional Readiness for Change

Identify the stage of change you may be passing through

(they are all normal!)

Life events

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**Notes:** 

(F) Health Net

How Do I Successfully Initiate Change?

Physiological Issues Related to Healthy Changes

Current state of health
Family health history

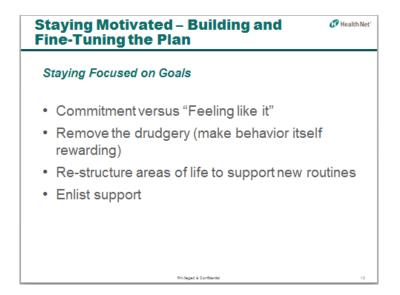
Obtain physician approval

**Notes:** 

#### Slide 11

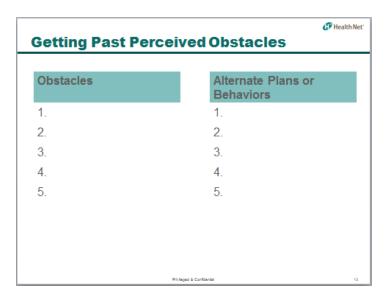


 $\label{eq:handout B} \textbf{ Handout B} \ \text{of your handout has instructions for, and examples of, creating SMART goals.} \\ \textbf{Notes:}$ 



**Notes:** 

Slide 13



See Handout D for a chart to plan your alternative behaviors.

# Staying Motivated – Building and Fine-Tuning the Plan

#### (F) Health Net

#### Setbacks and Lapses

- Keep perspective
- · Identify what went off-track
- · Modify plan accordingly

Reward success!

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**Notes:** 

#### Slide 15

## Your Support Network

⊕ Health Net⁻

- Family/Friends
- Commercial programs
- MHN online services
- Support groups
- Telephonic coaching
- Other online resources
- Individual counseling
- Books

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#### Resources

- Internal
  - Human Resources
- External
  - MHN EAP Clinical Services
  - MHN Online Services www.MHN.com
- Reading
  - Prochaska Model of Change: <a href="http://www.prochange.com/transtheoretical-model-of-behavior-change">http://www.prochange.com/transtheoretical-model-of-behavior-change</a>
  - SMART Goals:

http://sbinformation.about.com/od/businessmanagemen1/a/businessgoals.htm

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# Handout A. Cost – Benefit Analysis Chart

## **COSTS**

## **BENEFITS**

1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.
6.	6.
7.	7.
8.	8.
9.	9.
10.	10.
11.	11.

#### Handout B: SMART Goals

To reach your health goals, you need to create goals that will provide clear and obtainable results for you. Many professionals use the **SMART** model to assist in goal development. General goal statements such as "I will exercise more" provide no direction in how to reach your goals. So, goals need to be SMART! For every fitness or diet goal you have, use this model!

- **S** is for **Specific**. Your goal is stated in terms of a specific outcome to be achieved.
- **M** is for **Measurable**. Can you quantify the results of the goal? Frequency, duration, intensity are some good ways to think about exercise and diet goals.
- A is for Achievable. Is the goal credible and realistic?
- **R** is for **Results-oriented**. The goal is described in terms of a result.
- **T** is for **Time Bound**. The goal is time bound by a specific deadline by which the goal must be achieved.

<u>Example of a SMART Goal</u>: I will lose 10 pounds (results oriented, measurable & specific) by June 1, (time bound), by walking briskly outside 4 times a week (measurable and achievable) for at least 30 minutes a session (measurable and achievable).

### My SMART Goals:

## Handout C: Example Food and Exercise Journal

<u>Time</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Food Selection
Time	Activity	Intensity Level

Day	Date:	/	1

Time	<u>Amount</u>	Food Selection
Time	Activity	Intensity Level

## Handout D: Getting Past Obstacles to Change

## **Potential Obstacle**

## **Alternate Plan/Behavior**

1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.
6.	6.